RULE ANALYSIS

Introduction: THE AMENDMENTS ARE SUBMITTED TO THE BOARD FOR CONSIDERATION AS A PROPOSED RULE

Short Title: Written Agreements

Rule Numbers: §§291.131, 291.133

Statutory Authority: Texas Pharmacy Act, Chapter 551-569, Occupations Code:

- Section 551.002 specifies that the purpose of the Act is to protect the public through the effective control and regulation of the practice of pharmacy; and
- (2) Section 554.051 gives the Board the authority to adopt rules for the proper administration and enforcement of the Act.
- **Purpose:** The amendments, if adopted, clarify the requirements regarding written agreements for supplying compounded preparations for office use and make formatting changes.

1 2 3 4	TITLE 22 PART 15 CHAPTER SUBCHAPTER G	EXAMINING BOARDS TEXAS STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY 291 PHARMACIES SERVICES PROVIDED BY PHARMACIES	
5 6	§291.131 Pharmacies Compounding Non-Sterile Preparations		
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9	(a) – (e) (No change.	.)	
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11	(f) Office Use Compo	ounding and Distribution of Compounded Preparations to Class C	
12		Pharmacies or Veterinarians in Accordance With §563.054 of the Act.	
L3	(1) General.		
L4	(A) A pharmacy may dispense and deliver a reasonable quantity of a compounded		
15	preparation to a practitioner for office use by the practitioner in accordance with this subsection.		
6	(B) A Class A [(Community)] pharmacy is not required to register or be licensed under		
7	Chapter 431, Health and Safety Code, to distribute non-sterile compounded preparations to a		
18	Class C [(Institutional)] pharmacy.		
19	(C) A Class C [(Institutional)] pharmacy is not required to register or be licensed under		
20	Chapter 431, Health and Safety Code, to distribute non-sterile compounded preparations that		
21	the Class C pharmacy has compounded for other Class C pharmacies under common		
22	ownership.		
23	(D) To dispense and deliver a compounded preparation under this subsection, a pharmacy		
24	must:	must:	
25	(i) verify the source of the raw materials to be used in a compounded drug;		
26	(ii) comply with applicable United States Pharmacopoeia guidelines, including the testing		
27	requirements, and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Pub. L. No.		
28	104-191);		
29	(iii) enter into a written agreement with a practitioner for the practitioner's office use of a		
30	compounded preparation;		
31	(iv) comply with all applicable competency and accrediting standards as determined by the		
32	board; and		
33	(v) comply with the provisions of this subsection.		
34	(2) Written Agreement. A pharmacy that provides non-sterile compounded preparations to		
35	practitioners for office use or to another pharmacy shall enter into a written agreement with the		
36		practitioner or pharmacy. The written agreement shall:	
37	(A) address acceptable standards of practice for a compounding pharmacy and a practitioner		
88	and receiving pharmacy that enter into the agreement including a statement that the		
39		compounded preparations may only be administered to the patient and may not be dispensed to	
10	•	any other person or entity except as authorized by §563.054 of the Act;	
11	(B) state that [require] the practitioner or receiving pharmacy should [to] include on a		
12	separate log or in a patient's chart, medication order, or medication administration record, the		
13	lot number and beyond-use date of a compounded preparation administered to a patient; and		
14	(C) describe the scope of services to be performed by the pharmacy and practitioner or		
15	receiving pharmacy, including a statement of the process for:		
16	(i) a patient to report an adverse reaction or submit a complaint; and		
17	(ii) the pharmacy to recall batches of compounded preparations.		
18	(3) Recordkeeping.		
19	(A) Maintenance c		

50 (i) Records of orders and distribution of non-sterile compounded preparations to a 51 practitioner for office use or to a Class C [(Institutional)] pharmacy for administration to a patient 52 shall:

53 (I) be kept by the pharmacy and be available, for at least two years from the date of the record, for inspecting and copying by the board or its representative and to other authorized 54 local, state, or federal law enforcement agencies; 55

56 (II) maintained separately from the records of products dispensed pursuant to a 57 prescription or medication order; and

58 (III) supplied by the pharmacy within 72 hours, if requested by an authorized agent of the 59 Texas State Board of Pharmacy or its representative. If the pharmacy maintains the records in an electronic format, the requested records must be provided in an electronic format. Failure to 60 61 provide the records set out in this subsection, either on site or within 72 hours for whatever 62 reason, constitutes prima facie evidence of failure to keep and maintain records.

(ii) Records may be maintained in an alternative data retention system, such as a data 63 processing system or direct imaging system provided the data processing system is capable of 64 65 producing a hard copy of the record upon the request of the board, its representative, or other authorized local, state, or federal law enforcement or regulatory agencies. 66

67 (B) Orders. The pharmacy shall maintain a record of all non-sterile compounded preparations ordered by a practitioner for office use or by a Class C pharmacy for administration 68 69 to a patient. The record shall include the following information:

70 (i) date of the order:

(ii) name, address, and phone number of the practitioner who ordered the preparation and if 71 72 applicable, the name, address and phone number of the Class C pharmacy ordering the 73 preparation; and

(iii) name, strength, and quantity of the preparation ordered.

75 (C) Distributions. The pharmacy shall maintain a record of all non-sterile compounded 76 preparations distributed pursuant to an order to a practitioner for office use or by a Class C 77 pharmacy for administration to a patient. The record shall include the following information: 78 (i) date the preparation was compounded;

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(ii) date the preparation was distributed;

80 (iii) name, strength and quantity in each container of the preparation;

(iv) pharmacy's lot number; 81

(v) quantity of containers shipped; and

83 (vi) name, address, and phone number of the practitioner or Class C pharmacy to whom the preparation is distributed. 84

(D) Audit Trail.

85 86 (i) The pharmacy shall store the order and distribution records of preparations for all nonsterile compounded preparations ordered by and or distributed to a practitioner for office use or 87 by a Class C pharmacy for administration to a patient in such a manner as to be able to provide 88 89 a audit trail for all orders and distributions of any of the following during a specified time period.

(I) any strength and dosage form of a preparation (by either brand or generic name or 90

91 both):

- 92 (II) any ingredient;
- 93 (III) any lot number;
- (IV) any practitioner; 94
- (V) any facility; and 95
- 96 (VI) any pharmacy, if applicable.
- (ii) The audit trail shall contain the following information: 97
- (I) date of order and date of the distribution; 98
- 99 (II) practitioner's name, address, and name of the Class C pharmacy, if applicable;
- (III) name, strength and quantity of the preparation in each container of the preparation; 100

101 (IV) name and quantity of each active ingredient; (V) quantity of containers distributed; and 102 103 (VI) pharmacy's lot number; 104 (4) Labeling. The pharmacy shall affix a label to the preparation containing the following 105 information: 106 (A) name, address, and phone number of the compounding pharmacy; 107 (B) the statement: "For Institutional or Office Use Only--Not for Resale"; or if the preparation 108 is distributed to a veterinarian the statement: "Compounded Preparation": 109 (C) name and strength of the preparation or list of the active ingredients and strengths: (D) pharmacy's lot number: 110 (E) beyond-use date as determined by the pharmacist using appropriate documented 111 112 criteria: 113 (F) quantity or amount in the container; (G) appropriate ancillary instructions, such as storage instructions or cautionary statements, 114 including hazardous drug warning labels where appropriate; and 115 (H) device-specific instructions, where appropriate. 116 117 118 (g) (No change.) 119 120 §291.133 **Pharmacies Compounding Sterile Preparations** 121 (a) - (e) (No change.) 122 123 124 (f) Office Use Compounding and Distribution of Sterile Compounded Preparations 125 (1) General. 126 (A) A pharmacy may compound, dispense, deliver, and distribute a compounded sterile preparation as specified in Subchapter D, Texas Pharmacy Act Chapter 562. 127 128 (B) A Class A-S pharmacy is not required to register or be licensed under Chapter 431, Health and Safety Code, to distribute sterile compounded preparations to a Class C or Class C-129 130 S pharmacy. 131 (C) A Class C-S pharmacy is not required to register or be licensed under Chapter 431. Health and Safety Code, to distribute sterile compounded preparations that the Class C-S 132 133 pharmacy has compounded for other Class C or Class C-S pharmacies under common 134 ownership. (D) To compound and deliver a compounded preparation under this subsection, a pharmacy 135 136 must: (i) verify the source of the raw materials to be used in a compounded drug; 137 (ii) comply with applicable United States Pharmacopoeia guidelines, including the testing 138 139 requirements, and the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Pub. L. No. 104-191); 140 141 (iii) enter into a written agreement with a practitioner for the practitioner's office use of a compounded preparation: 142 143 (iv) comply with all applicable competency and accrediting standards as determined by the 144 board; and (v) comply with the provisions of this subsection. 145 (E) This subsection does not apply to Class B pharmacies compounding sterile 146 147 radiopharmaceuticals that are furnished for departmental or physicians' use if such authorized 148 users maintain a Texas radioactive materials license. (2) Written Agreement. A pharmacy that provides sterile compounded preparations to 149 150 practitioners for office use or to another pharmacy shall enter into a written agreement with the practitioner or pharmacy. The written agreement shall: 151

152 (A) address acceptable standards of practice for a compounding pharmacy and a practitioner 153 and receiving pharmacy that enter into the agreement including a statement that the 154 compounded drugs may only be administered to the patient and may not be dispensed to the 155 patient or sold to any other person or entity except to a veterinarian as authorized by §563.054 156 of the Act: (B)) state that [require] the practitioner or receiving pharmacy should [te] include on a 157 158 separate log, or in a patient's chart, medication order, or medication administration record, the 159 lot number and beyond-use date of a compounded preparation administered to a patient; and 160 (C) describe the scope of services to be performed by the pharmacy and practitioner or receiving pharmacy, including a statement of the process for: 161 (i) a patient to report an adverse reaction or submit a complaint; and 162 163 (ii) the pharmacy to recall batches of compounded preparations. 164 (3) Recordkeeping. (A) Maintenance of Records. 165 (i) Records of orders and distribution of sterile compounded preparations to a practitioner for 166 office use or to an institutional pharmacy for administration to a patient shall: 167 (I) be kept by the pharmacy and be available, for at least two years from the date of the 168 169 record, for inspecting and copying by the board or its representative and to other authorized local, state, or federal law enforcement agencies; 170 171 (II) maintained separately from the records of preparations dispensed pursuant to a 172 prescription or medication order: and (III) supplied by the pharmacy within 72 hours, if requested by an authorized agent of the 173 174 Texas State Board of Pharmacy or its representative. If the pharmacy maintains the records in an electronic format, the requested records must be provided in an electronic format. Failure to 175 provide the records set out in this subsection, either on site or within 72 hours for whatever 176 177 reason, constitutes prima facie evidence of failure to keep and maintain records. 178 (ii) Records may be maintained in an alternative data retention system, such as a data 179 processing system or direct imaging system provided the data processing system is capable of producing a hard copy of the record upon the request of the board, its representative, or other 180 authorized local, state, or federal law enforcement or regulatory agencies. 181 182 (B) Orders. The pharmacy shall maintain a record of all sterile compounded preparations ordered by a practitioner for office use or by an institutional pharmacy for administration to a 183 184 patient. The record shall include the following information: 185 (i) date of the order; (ii) name, address, and phone number of the practitioner who ordered the preparation and if 186 187 applicable, the name, address and phone number of the institutional pharmacy ordering the 188 preparation; and (iii) name, strength, and quantity of the preparation ordered. 189 190 (C) Distributions. The pharmacy shall maintain a record of all sterile compounded preparations distributed pursuant to an order to a practitioner for office use or by an institutional 191 pharmacy for administration to a patient. The record shall include the following information: 192 193 (i) date the preparation was compounded: 194 (ii) date the preparation was distributed; 195 (iii) name, strength and quantity in each container of the preparation; (iv) pharmacy's lot number; 196 (v) quantity of containers shipped; and 197 198 (vi) name, address, and phone number of the practitioner or institutional pharmacy to whom 199 the preparation is distributed. 200 (D) Audit Trail. 201 (i) The pharmacy shall store the order and distribution records of preparations for all sterile compounded preparations ordered by and or distributed to a practitioner for office use or by a 202

- 203 pharmacy licensed to compound sterile preparations for administration to a patient in such a
- manner as to be able to provide an audit trail for all orders and distributions of any of the 204 following during a specified time period: 205
- (I) any strength and dosage form of a preparation (by either brand or generic name or 206 207 both):
- 208 (II) any ingredient;
- 209 (III) any lot number;
- 210 (IV) any practitioner;
- 211 (V) any facility; and
- (VI) any pharmacy, if applicable. 212
- (ii) The audit trail shall contain the following information: 213
- 214 (I) date of order and date of the distribution;
- (II) practitioner's name, address, and name of the institutional pharmacy, if applicable; 215
- (III) name, strength and quantity of the preparation in each container of the preparation; 216
- (IV) name and quantity of each active ingredient: 217
- (V) quantity of containers distributed; and 218
- (VI) pharmacy's lot number. 219
- 220 (4) Labeling. The pharmacy shall affix a label to the preparation containing the following

information: 221 222

- (A) name, address, and phone number of the compounding pharmacy;
- (B) the statement: "For Institutional or Office Use Only--Not for Resale": or if the preparation 223 is distributed to a veterinarian the statement: "Compounded Preparation"; 224
- 225 (C) name and strength of the preparation or list of the active ingredients and strengths;
 - (D) pharmacy's lot number;
- 227 (E) beyond-use date as determined by the pharmacist using appropriate documented 228 criteria:
- 229 (F) quantity or amount in the container;
- 230 (G) appropriate ancillary instructions, such as storage instructions or cautionary statements,
- including hazardous drug warning labels where appropriate; and 231
- (H) device-specific instructions, where appropriate. 232
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234 (g) (No change.)